DESIGN OF

LHB SHELL

B

CAR BODY SHELL

DESIGN FEATURES

1. LIGHT WEIGHT

2. SPEED : OPERATIONAL SPEED = 160 KMPH

TEST SPEED = 180 KMPH

- 3. DIMENSIONS :
- # TRACK GAUGE : 1676 mm
- # OVERALL MOVING DIMENSIONS AS PER RDSO DRAWING NO. EDO 590
 # DIMENSIONS RELATED TO S.O.D. – 1939
 # SHARPEST CURVE – 175 MTRS. RADIUS
 # SUPER ELEVATION - 165 mm
- # CLEARANCE ABOVE RAIL LEVEL 102 mm

BODY SHELL

THE BODY SHELL BE OF INTEGRAL LIGHT WEIGHT CONSTRUCTION CONSISTING OF SEPARATE ASSEMBLY GROUPS FOR U/F, SW, ROOF & END WALL.

WHOLE CAR BODY SHELL CONSISTS OF THREE TYPES OF STEEL.

THE INDIVIDUAL ASSEMBLIES ARE JOINED TO EACH OTHER BY WELDING

	OVERALL DIMENSIONS OF THE COACH			
А	LENGTH OVER BODY	23540 mm		
В	BUFFER CENTRES	1956 mm		
С	MAXIMUM WIDTH OVER BODY	3250 mm		
D	HEIGHT OF CENTRES OF COUPLER FROM RAIL LEVEL	1105 mm		
E	HEIGHT OF COMPT. FLOOR FROM RAIL LEVEL	1303 mm		
F	MAX. DIST. BETWEEN INNER WHEELS	12345 mm		
G	MAX. HEIGHT OF CENTRES OF BUFFERS ABOVE RAIL LEVEL	1105 mm		

TYPES OF STEELS USED IN LHB SHELL

S. No.	TYPE OF STEEL	APPLICATION
1.	1.4301(Austenitic) 1.25 mm X5 Cr Ni 18 10	Trough floor & roof sheet
2.	1.4003(Ferritic) Carline –2mm.Roof beamSide wall-2mm.Window Sill-2.5mm.Body Pillar-2.5mm.Cant Rail- 4mm.	Restructure including carlines, roofbeam, body pillar, end wall structure, side wall sheets, etc.
3.	Corten-A	All Parts of under frame except trough floor including Sole Bar.

SIDEWALL



•TIG WELDING OR LASER WELDING OF SIDEWALL SHEETS
•LOW HEAT INPUT
•LESS DISTORTION
•NEGLIGIBLE SHRINKAGE



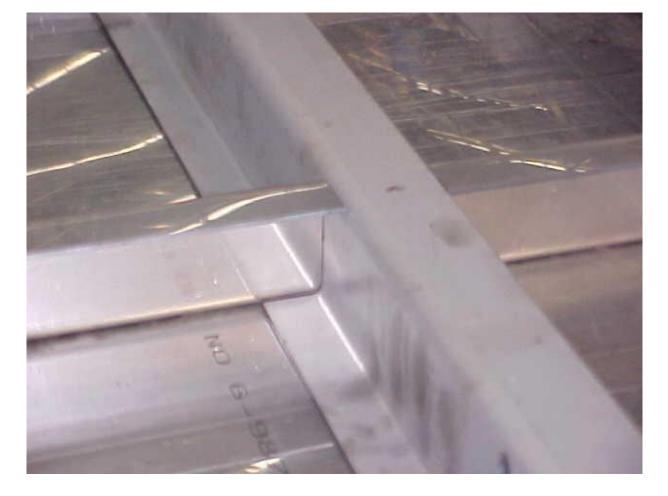
THICKNESS OF SIDE WALL : 2mm

LASER CUT, BUTT JOINT TIG WELDING OR LASER WELDING, SPOT WELDING

DOOR FRAMES IS A PART OF SUB ASSEMBLY OF SIDE WALL, BUT FABRICATED SEPERATELY

THICKNESS OF DOOR FRAME : 4mm

DOOR FRAMES ARE DESIGNED IN A MANNER TO ENABLE THE COMPENSATION OF TOLERANCES IN WHOLE SIDE WALL



 POSITIVE INTERLOCKING BETWEEN ALL HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL MEMBERS
 BETTER STRENGTH,

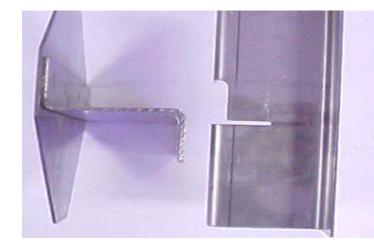
• REDUCTION OF SIDE WALL THICKNESS TO 60MM FROM 90 MM,

• BETTER GEOMETRICAL INTEGRITY

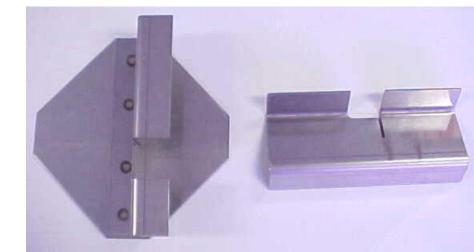
Sidewall-Interlocking

Interlocking between the horizontal and vertical stiffening members of subassemblies like sidewall, endwall, underframe, etc.



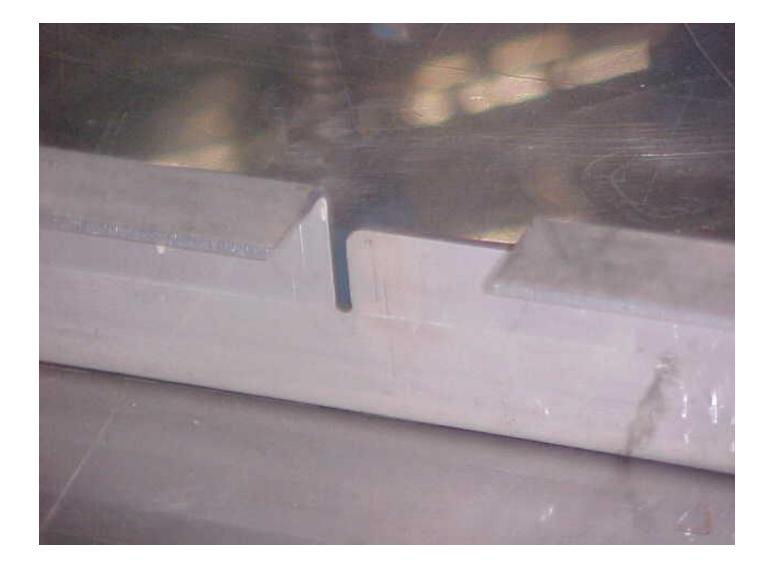


- Aligned stress flowBetter strength
- Reduction of side wall width from 90 mm to 60mm



SITUATION BEFORE INTERLOCKING TECHNIQUE

IN THE PAST, A LOT OF ROLLED PROFILES HAVE BEEN USED IN FRAME WORK OF SIDE WALL, END WALL AND UNDER FRAME, WHICH RESULTS A LOT OF WELD JOINTS, STRAIGHTENING AND REWORKING. THIS CAUSED A QUALITY **REDUCTION AND INCREASE OF COST.**



CUT PROVIDED IN S/W MEMBER FOR INTERLOCKING





COMPLETE SIDEWALL



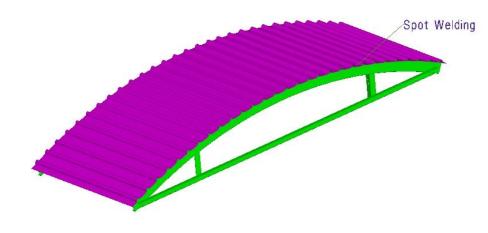
•CARLINE (CANT RAIL IN CONV. COACHES) IS PART OF THE SIDE WALL, UNLIKE CONV. COACHES WHERE IT IS A PART OF ROOF

•BETTER RIGIDITY OF SIDE WALL •POSITIVE LOCATION OF ROOF

Roof



- □Corrugated roof sheet spot welded to z-section roof arches
- □Uniform height of arches along it's length
- Roof weighs only about 1000kg
- □Spot welded austenitic steel cladding
- □Pocket free







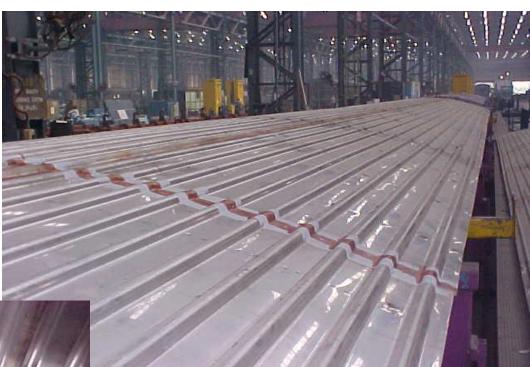
END WALL

HOLES PROVIDED IN ALL STIFFENERS OF END WALL TO REDUCE WEIGHT



ROOF

•CORRUGATED ROOF SHEET
SPOT WELDED TO Z-SECTION
ROOF ARCHES
•UNIFORM HEIGHT OF ARCHES
ALONG IT'S LENGTH
•ROOF WEIGHS ONLY ABOUT
1000KG









• MIDDLE PART:

- CORRUGATED SHEET 1.25 mm THICK AUSTENITIC STAINLESS STEEL
- # ROOF ARCHES : Z SECTION 30x80x30x2
- # HORIZONTAL CROSS BRACES : Z SECTION 30x50x30x2
- <u>END PARTS</u>: THESE ARE PREPARED FOR MATCHING THE TAPERING AT ENDS

UNDERFRAME

UNDERFRAME FRONT PART IS MADE BY JOINING TOGETHER HEAD STOCK...





...AND BODY BOLSTER

UNDER FRAME

MAIN COMPONENTS OF UNDER FRAME

TWO SIDE SILS (SOLE BAR) W SECTION 220x65x8

TWO MAIN CROSS MEMBERS - BOX TYPE 6 mm THICK SITUATED IN A REGION OF BOGIES

FRAME WORK – CROSS MEMBERS MADE OF FOLDED CHANNEL SECTIONS 140x50x4 FORM THE MAIN PART OF THE FRAME WORK OF U/F

FRONT PART – IT IS HEAD STOCKS CONSISTS OF SHEETS WITH THICKNESS OF 10mm, 6mm & 4mm

FLOOR – IT CONSISTS OF CORRUGATED SHEETS OF 1.25 mm THICK



•UNDER FRAME CORRUGATED TROUGH FLOOR IS PLUG WELDED FROM TOP WITH THE CROSS MEMBERS
•ALUMINIUM BASED WELDABLE PRIMER USED FOR WELDING CORTEN STEEL TO SS TO PREVENT BI-METALLIC CORROSION



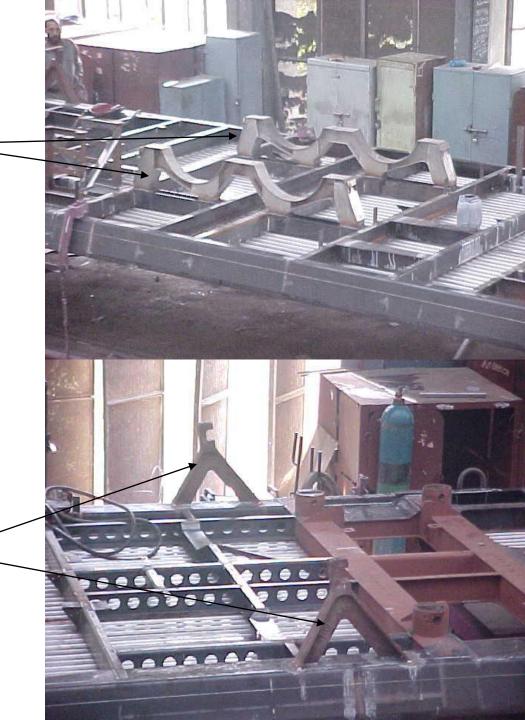


PROVISION FOR CBC AS WELL A SIDE BUFFER MOUNTING IN HEAD STOCK

FLOORING SUPPORT MEMBERS ON UNDERFRAME

WATER TANK MOUNTING BRACKETS WELDED ON THE UNDER FRAME _____

YAW DAMPER (CONNECTED BETWEEN UNDERFRAME AND BOGIE FRAME) BRACKETS WELDED ON THE UNDERFRAME

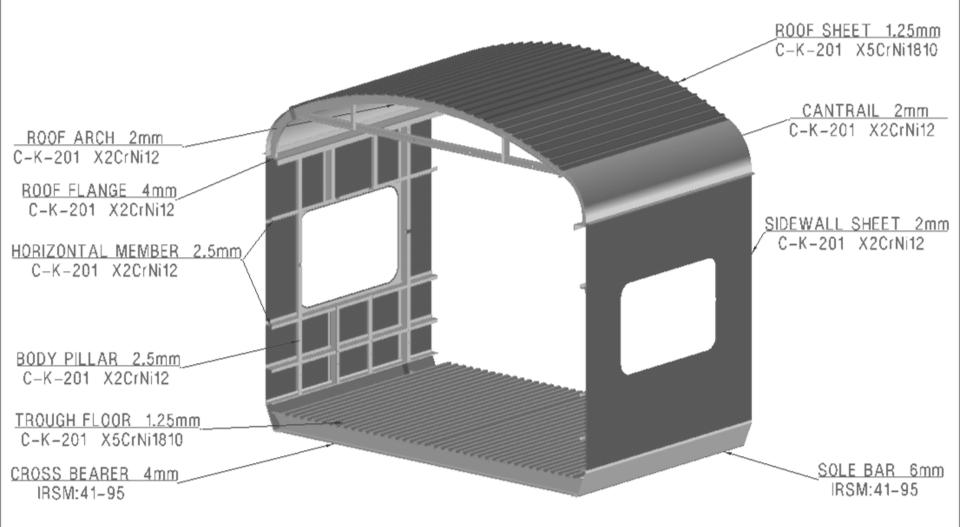


Steels used in LHB Coach Shell

Shell Assemblies	Steels used and their %age	UTS	Yield		
	compositions	N/mm ²	Stress		
			N/mm ²		
Side wall, End	X2 Cr8 Ferritic Steel (SS 409M)	450-	320		
wall and Roof	(C < .03%, Cr 10-12%, Si 1%, Mn	600			
structure	1.5%)				
Roof sheet and	X5 CrNi 18 10 Austenitic Steel (SS	700-	235		
Trough floor	304)	850			
_	(C < .07%, Cr 18%, Ni 10 % Si 1%,				
	Mn 2%)				
Underframe	IRS M-41 / CortenSteel	440-	320		
	(C < .01%, Cr .356%, Ni .24%	480			
	Cu .36% Si .37%, Mn .25%)				
		480			

SS 409M is a modified version of SS 409 offering higher strength abrassion resistance and weldability

Shell structure

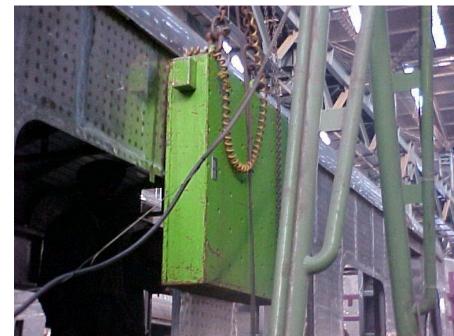


Manufacturing Techniques

- Laser Profile Cutting Of Components
 Sidewall/Roof Spot Welding
- □ Magnetic Skin Tensioning Of Shell







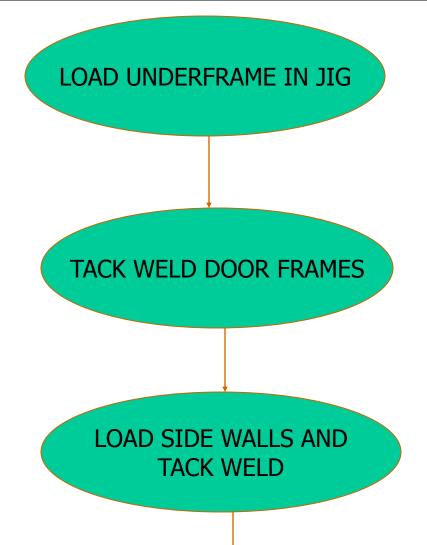
JIGS & FIXTURES

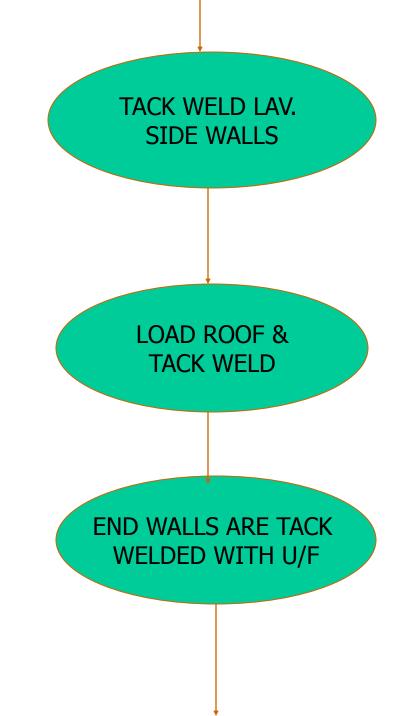
S.NO. DESCRIPTION

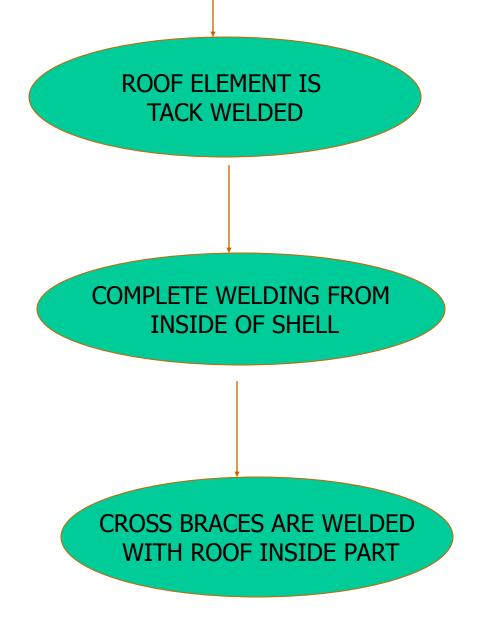
1. BODY SHELL ASSEMBLY JIG



PROCESS CHART STAGE 1



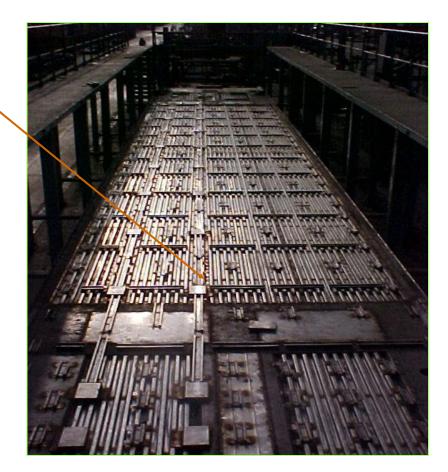




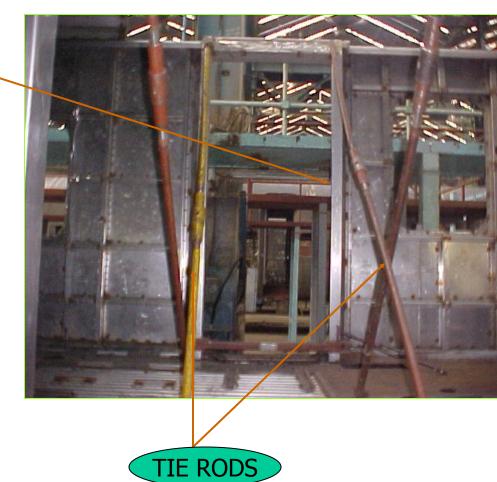
PROCESS



1. CLEAN THE JIG FROM SPATTERS AND LOAD UNDER FRAME ON IT. CENTRE THE UNDERFRAME AND CLAMP IT.



2. DOOR FRAMES ON ONE SIDE ARE LOADED AND TACK WELDED.



3. SIDE WALLS ARE LOADED IN THE JIG ON BOTH SIDES AND TACK WELDED. INTERNAL DIMENSIONS ARE MAINTAINED.



4. AGAIN DOOR FRAMES ARE LOADED ON THE OTHER END OF UNDERFRAME. TIE RODS ARE USED TO MAINTAIN THE INTERNAL DIMENSIONS.



5. LAVATORY SIDE WALLS ARE LOADED AND TACK WELDED WITH UNDERFRAME AND DOOR FRAMES.



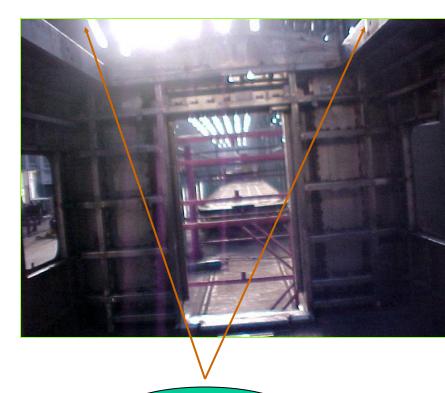
6. ROOF IS MOUNTED OVER SIDE WALLS AND TACK WELDED.



7. END WALL ASSEMBLIES ARE LOADED ON THE HEAD STOCK OF THE UNDER FRAME AND TACK WELDED.



8. ROOF ELEMENT IS LOADED OVER LAV. SIDE WALLS ON BOTH SIDES AND TACK WELDED. IT IS USED FOR FITTING OF AIR CONDITIONER ASSEMBLY.



ROOF ELEMENT

- 9. COMPLETE WELDING OF FOLLOWING PARTS IS DONE FROM INSIDE.
- (*i*) ROOF WITH SIDE WALL.
- (*ii*) SIDE WALL WITH UNDERFRAME.
- (*iii*) SIDE WALL WITH DOOR FRAME.
- (*iv*) LAV. SIDE WALL WITH END WALL.
- (v) ROOF ELEMENT WITH DOOR FRAME.
- (vi) UNDERFRAME WITH END WALL.

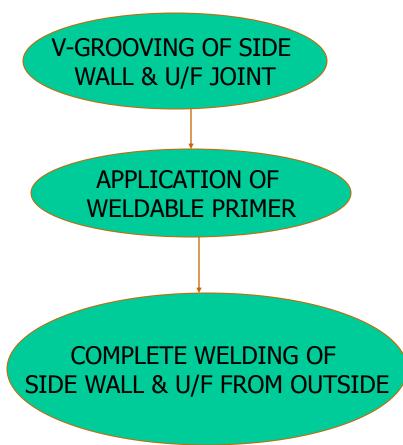
10. CROSS BRACES ARE WELDED WITH ROOF INSIDE SHELL FOR AIR CONDITIONER'S DUCT. THEN THE SHELL IS MOVED TO STAGE 2.







PROCESS CHART STAGE 2



1. V- GROOVING OF UNDERFRAME SOLE BAR WITH SIDE WALL JOINT IS DONE FROM OUTSIDE THE SHELL BY USING ANGLE GRINDER ON BOTH SIDES OF SHELL.

2. 'META COT 'SILVER GREY WELDABLE PRIMER IS APPLIED TO AVOID BIMETALLIC CORROSION.



3. SOLE BAR AND SIDE WALL ARE WELDED FROM EXTERIOR OF SHELL USING MAGNETIC TRACK WELDING MACHINE.

4. GRINDING OF WELDED JOINTS OF SOLE BAR AND SIDE WALL IS DONE.





WELDING PARAMETER FOR MAG CO2 WELDING

MAT. THICKN- ESS	NO. OF LAYERS	WIRE DIA mm	WELDING CURRENT (AMP)	ARC VOLTAGE	WIRE FEED M/MIN	TRAVEL SPEED CM/MIN	THROAT THICKN- ESS (a mm)
1.6*1.6	1	0.8	100-120	22-24	5.0	50	1.2
2.0*2.0	1	0.8	100-120	22-24	5.0	45	1.6
2.0*5.0	1	1.2	100-120	22-24	5.0	45	2.5
5.0*5.0	1	1.2	200-220	26-27	6.5	40	3.2

STAGEWISE ACTIVITIES OF SHELL ASSEMBLY

SAS-I

- ACTIVITIES :- CLAMPING OF U/F BY CLAMPS.
- # ALIGN WITH PIANO WIRE AT THREE LOCATIONS
- # LOADING OF 5 INTERNAL JIGGING FRAME
- # DOOR FRAME FITMENT
- # MIDDLE SIDE WALL FITMENT
- # TACKING OF SIDE WALL SHEET TO U/F FLANGE
- # STRAIGHTNESS IS CHECKED WITH PIANO WIRE
- # PLACEMENT OF ROOF
- **# ROOF CROSS BRACES FITMENT**
- # PLACEMENT OF FINAL ROOF ELEMENT
- # END WALL FITTING

SAS-II

WELDING OF SIDE WALL WITH SOLEBAR BOTH SIDES FROM OUTSIDE WITH TRACTOR WELDING. GRINDING OF ALL THE HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL WELDING JOINTS FOR PROPER **OUTER FINISH**

• SAS-III

- SENDER GRINDING TO REMOVE HIGH SPOTS
- COLD STRAIGHTENING THE SIDE WALL & END WALL
- SKIN TENSIONING BY HEATING OF SIDE WALL FROM INSIDE THROUGH PERFORATED PLATE HOLES WITH MULTI HEAD TORCH BY USING OXY ACETYLENE SET.
- CHECK THE SURFACE FINISH BEFORE & AFTER SKIN TENSIONING.
- PIN WELDING ON ROOF (660 Nos) BY PIN WELDING MACHINE TO HOLD GLASS WOOL.

SAS-IV

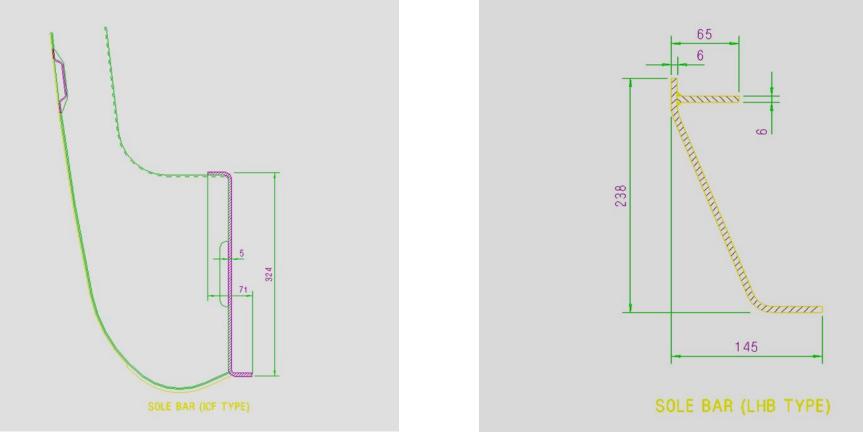
FITTING OF PARTITION FRAME WHERE REQUIRED

WELDING PARTS CAR BODY SHELL PP END & NPP END

CBC FITMENT

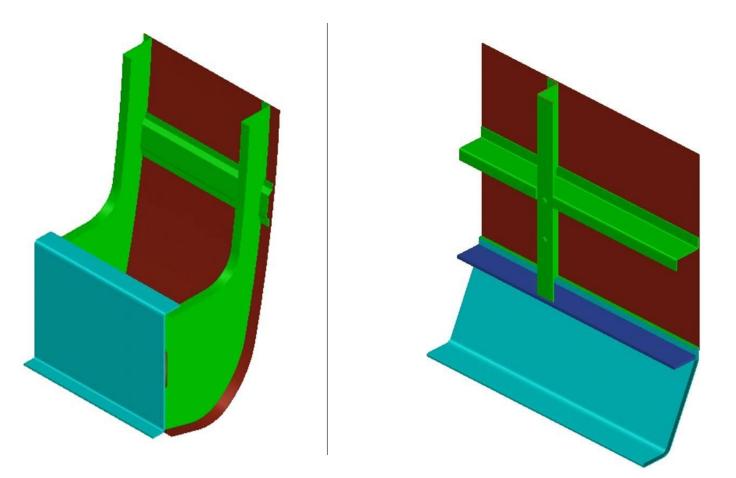
- CHECKING & INSPECTION
- # ALL DIMENSIONAL INSPECTION OF THE SHELL
- # DPT TEST FOR SIDE WALL JOINTS
- # TWIST CHECK
- # PLACING ON DIPLORY FOR SHIFTING TO NEXT STAGE





- TURN UNDER HAS BEEN ELIMINATED
- CLEAR APPROACH FOR SAND BLASTING AND PAINTING
- NO ACCUMULATION OF WATER AND MUCK
- PILLAR RESTS ON SOLEBAR AS COMPARED TO LOAD TRANSFER THROUGH A VERTICAL WELDED JOINT IN CONV. COACHES

SIDEWALL TO UNDERFRAME JOINT, CONV. VS.LHB



END WALL OVERHANGS BEYOND HEAD STOCK

-RELEASING MORE SPACE INSIDE

-REDUCING SPACE AND HENCE WIND RESISTANCE DUE TO TURBULENCE BETWEEN COACHES.



-GAP BETWEEN END WALLS OF TWO COUPLED COACHES IS 300 MM ONLY



SEPARATE DOOR FRAME FITTED BEFORE SIDEWALLS IN LHB, NO PROBLEM OF DOOR SIZE/SQUARENESS ETC.



NO DOOR FRAME, DOOR OPENING SQUARENESS MAINTAINED BY FITTING ONE SIDE'S DOOR CORNER SHEET AFTER SIDE WALL •WEIGHT PER METER LENGTH OF LHB COACHES IS APPROXIMATELY 10% LESS THAN THE CONVENTIONAL COACHES. BETTER PAYLOAD TO TARE WT RATIO.
•NO CHANGE REQUIRED IN SHELL DESIGN FOR SPEEDS OF 200KMPH

 DIMENSIONAL COMPARISON ICF LHB **LENGTH OVER BODY** 23540 21770 **LENGTH OVER BUFFER** 24700 22280 WIDTH OVER BODY 3240 3245 **INNER WIDTH** 3065 3120 1180x760 WINDOW OPENING (ac sleeper) 1220x610

WINDOWS



Sealed window Glass Units

•The window glass unit characteristics are:

- -K value not lass than 1.6 W/M^2K
- -Transparency > 39 %
- -Reflection > 40
- -Total energy absorption < 21%

•The sealed window units consists of 8.4 mm outer laminated and 4 mm tempered inner glass with 6 mm Krypton/Argon gas filling

•Window glass is secured to Al extrusions by rubber profiles

•The Al frame is glued to the car body with the help of PU, elastic gap filling structural adhesive (Sikaflex-264 T & eq.). Capable of withstanding high dynamic stresses

Emergency openable window



- It is
 Four coace evace
 A har rubb glass wind
- It is similar to the fixed unit
 - Four units are provided each coach to allow emergency evacuation of passengers
 - A handle connected to the rubber profile opens the glass unit of the emergency window



HOPPER WINDOW FOR LAVATOTRY

Passenger Emergency Alarm

- 5 passenger emergency alarms per coach in chair car have been provided at following locations:
 - 2 in passenger compartment
 - 3 in lavatories
- There is no mechanical linkage like a chain and these handles directly operate a valve venting the brake pipe
- Designed to stop the train not just warn the driver





