MATERIAL MANAGEMENT IN WORKSHOPS

SHASHWAT GUPTA Prof (WMT)/IRIMEE

INTRODUCTION & SIGNIFICANCE

Q. WHY SHOULD I THINK ABOUT MATERIAL?

Material planning and management is an *integral component* of:

- Production (Outturn)
- Safety
- Cost
- Labour Relations

Your material management predicts your success as an officer

MATERIAL CLASSIFICATION

Basically, all Railway material is classified into two broad groups:

> Stock Items

- Regularly used for routine work,
- Bought through an established procurement mechanism

Non-Stock (NS) items

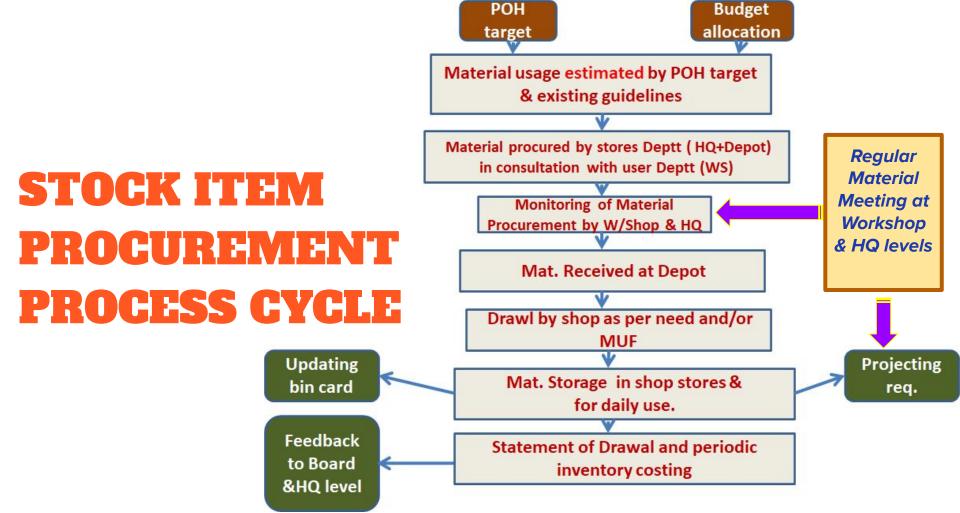
- Procured as and when the *need* arises,
- Managed by a separate mechanism

Stores Dept is the primary custodian & purchase interface for all material

STOCK ITEMS

- Characterised by an 8-digit PL no.
 - Unified PL no. for safety items and passenger amenity items
 - Each PL associated with a technical specification and drawing
- Each stock item has an Annual Consumption pattern (EAC or AAC)
- Bulk procurement cycle with a lead time
- Based on cost, EAC etc, procured at Depot/Zonal/Board level

Technical Suitability (TS) only by user, Rate Reasonability (RR) by Stores



STOCK ITEM RECOUPMENT

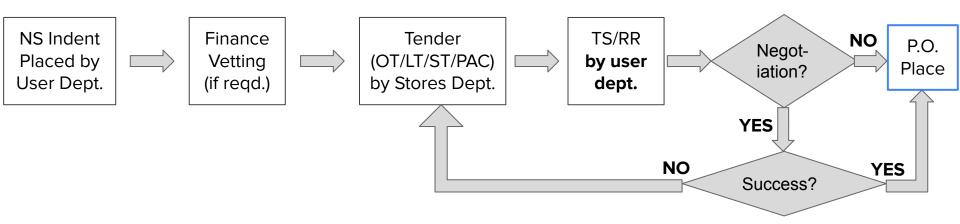
Stock items are usually recouped (procured anew to replenish stocks):

- Maxima-Minima System (EOQ) When existing stocks touch the minima (reorder level) just sufficient to meet requirement during lead time, a fresh procurement of maximum amount (3 months' or 1 year's quantity) is initiated
- ➤ Annual Estimate System (AES) A fixed timetable for recoupment is followed to stock items for the Contract Period (CP), usually 12 months

Availability of stock items depends on this recoupment cycle

NON-STOCK (NS) ITEMS

- Procured as and when the need arises
- Procurement initiated by user department by placing an NS indent



Both Technical Suitability (TS) & Rate Reasonability (RR) given by User Dept.

TRICKY POINTS IN FINALIZATION

- Technical Suitability & Rate Reasonability (TS/RR); esp. <u>bypassing L1</u>
 - Technical Deviation (TD) check w.r.t tendered spec
 - Rate Reasonability check recent Last Purchase Rate (LPR) of your own or other zonal Railway (iMMS is an invaluable tool)
- Negotiation & Counter offer If bid rates received are high, negotiation with L1 only is allowed (except for demand split) If negotiation fails, then counter offer may be given If counter offer is not accepted ⇒ tender discharged
- > Splitting of demand is generally discouraged or prohibited, except
 - Placing of developmental order, or
 - Splitting of demand across L1, L2, L3 etc for part supply (cartel formation?)

6:WCR]		Position of Items
Railway	Ī	
PL-No	Search-Descr.:	Search PL-Position
Show All	Orders Outstanding Order	rs ○ Completed Orders □ Division-wise Consumption ☑ Remarks ☑ Show Details of Other Depots also □ Show Full Descriptio
Dy.CMM	1	Pur. Sec : Item Type All Items ▼ Show List of Items
Stock	N/A • (Months)	Value Limit (in Lakh Rs.)
	N/A (Months)	☐ Without Live P.O. ☐ Include N.Stock P.O.s
Coverage Stock+Dues)		



POST-P.O. PROCEDURES

- > Finance **vetting** of high-value P.Os
- > Firm *chasing* (unofficial, but very important)
- > DP (or EDD) extension for delayed delivery
- > Inspection clause
 - RITES Inspection, or Consignee Inspection?
 - Lab report vs Practical suitability (both are important)
 - PAC Item
- > Warranty/ guarantee/ penalty clause, if any

Contract conditions, including inspection & delivery, cannot be modified here!

PAY ATTENTION AND TAKE CARE!

- A, B, C (based on cost) or V, E, D (based on usage) category items
- Safety items & Passenger amenity items
 - Emergency (spot) purchase allowed for safety,
 - Finance vetting only >15 lakh (for POs) and >10 lakh (for NS sanction)
 - More care required by both User and Stores departments!
- **GeM** items
- **RDSO** approved items/vendors
 - Procurement only through approved sources,
 - Consignee inspection not allowed

URGENT PROCUREMENT

- Spot purchase Limited powers to buy urgently required items upon visual inspection by a standing committee of user & Stores depts. after sanction and finance concurrence (check your zonal Railway's JPO)
- Depot purchase In exigent cases, Depot officers (Dy CMM and below) are empowered for LT or ST
- Imprest (Cash) purchase or Local Purchase (LP) Urgently required petty or safety items may be purchased locally by cash imprest
- Material assistance Depot- or Shop-level assistance from other units, if available upon request

VENDOR RELATIONS

- Vendor development is performed in a centralized manner by RDSO, Railway Board, RITES, COFMOW, PUs etc.
- However, good local level relations with vendors are often important
- Interaction with vendors must be kept transparent and publicly documented and, as far as reasonably possible without compromising the Railways' position, cordial
- Underperforming vendors may be reported in writing to other Railway units, zonal HQ, RDSO, PUs, Railway Board etc.

MANAGING INVENTORY

- Eliminate clutter
 "A place for everything, and everything in its place"
- Minimize excess inventory, by regular scrap disposal
- Enable fast & easy movement
- Buzzwords: Housekeeping, Stacking, 5S



MANAGING SHOP FLOOR INVENTORY

Use of *colour coded bins*in specified places to
segregate and store
material (inventory) on the
Shop floor.

The bins here are classed as **New Items, Usable, Reject/Condemn Stock**



MANAGING SHOP FLOOR INVENTORY



Bins and trollies for scrap segregation, disposal and



movement.

REDUCING INVENTORY

- Do not draw more than MUF from Stores Depot
- Regularly review EAC of A- and B-category items
- > Find and dispose of scrap regularly, especially large items
- Regularly check Shop account to identify slow-moving items
- Regularly inspect the Shop store for accumulated stock
- Plan and coordinate inter-Shop movement (Safety inspection also)

REGULAR REVIEW MATERIAL DRAW

Identification of material In general, **EAC review** is carried out every year at Shop Review of material req. (AAC) & budget allocation level and every 3 years at HQ level in zonal Railways to Procurement through stores check and eliminate unused or underused items. Issue of material to the shop Review of material drawn & up dating bin card It is a major cost reduction exercise that's **essential** (avoid Fitment of material on

nonmoving)

coaches wagons & locos

send out

CONCLUSIONS

- Material management is a key area of Shop floor functioning that must be a key focus area of all officers and supervisors
- Material procurement and its chasing presents significant challenges that must be considered from the point of view of financial jurisprudence and the existing rules and instructions as exist from time to time
- Inventory management on the Shop floor is a very different area, more concerned with the proper storage, accountal and use of material after procurement with maximum safety, efficiency & productivity